### International Relations (Paper 1 & 2) MCQs by Aamir Mahar

- (1) Détente means:
- (a) An alliance
- (b) Relaxation of tensions
- (c) Cooperation between states
- (2) OIC is:
- (a) A specialized agency of the UN
- (b) A regional organization
- (c) An organization of Muslim states
- (3) Ruritania is:
- (a) A province of Romania
- (b) A state in Western Africa
- (c) A fictitious country
- (4) NIEO relates to:
- (a) A regional grouping
- (b) An international sports organization
- (c) An economic concept
- (5) The Monroe Doctrine was intended to:
- (a) Safeguard peace in Europe
- (b) Enforce freedom of navigation on the High Seas
- (c) Safeguard American interests
- (6) The Fourteen Points were enunciated at:
- (a) The conference of Westphalia
- (b) The conference of Versailles
- (c) The end of World War II
- (7) 'Liberty, Equality, Fraternity' was the slogan during:
- (a) The American War of Independence
- (b) The French Revolution
- (c) The Russian October Revolution
- (8) MBFR is a term to denote:
- (a) An agreement on trade quotas
- (b) An agreement on the exploration of outer space
- (c) An agreement on disarmament
- (9) What do OAU, OAS, ASEAN have in common?
- (a) They are military alliances
- (b) They are ogencies of the United Nations
- (c) They are regional organizations.
- (10) The commonwealth is:
- (a) A UN sponsored body
- (b) A part of the British Empire.
- (c) A free association of like-minded sovereign states
- (11) Apartheld is:
- (a) An international association
- (b) A medical term
- (e) A policy of racial discrimination
- (12) Latvia is an independent country in:
- (a) South America
- (b) Africa
- (c) Eastern Europe
- (c) Eastern Europe
- (13) Helsluki is capital of:
- (a) Norway
- (b) New Zealand
- (c) Finland
- (14) UN Security Council consists of:
- (a) 11 members
- (b) 15 members
- (c) 19 members
- (15) Dog Hammershold was:
- (a) Swedish tennis player
- (b) Composer of Symponies
- (c) Secretary General of the UNO
- (16) OPEC is:
- (a) An international Insurance Co.
- (b) An international Sports Club

- (c) An organization of Oil Exporting Countries
- (17) G-7 means:
- (a) Ascientific expression
- (b) An export Co
- (c) Group of Seven Western Industrialized Countries
- (18) Amon Ullah Khan is the leader of:
- (a) National Conference
- (b) Hizb-ul-Mujahideen
- (c) Jamma and Kashmir Liberation Front
- (19) Memohan Line is a border between:
- (a) Burma and India
- (b) India and Nepal
- (c) India and China
- (20) NATO is:
- (a) An economical union
- (b) A free trade areas
- (c) A military alliance
- (21) Bhutan is:
- (a) An Indian state
- (b) A province of Burma
- (c) An independent country in South Asla
- (22) Apartheid is:
- (a) An international brotherhood
- (b) A policy of racial discrimination
- (c) A medical term
- (23) Agni is:
- (a) A religious ceremony
- (b) A missile
- (e) A famous building
- (24) The headquarters of ICJ is at:
- (a) New York
- (b) Geneva
- (e) Hague
- (25) Commonwealth of Independent States
- consists of
- (a) European states
- (b) Asian states
- (c) Asian and European states
- (c) Asian and European states
- (26) What do CENTO, RIO PACT and SEATO bave in common:
- (a) They are regional economic arrangements
- (b) They are sports associations
- (c) They are military alliances
- (27) IMF stands for:
- (a) International Marketing Forum
- (b) International Monetary Fund
- (c) International Movement of Futuristic
- (28) Riga is the capital of:
- (a) Rawanda
- (b) Holivia
- (c) Latvia
- (d) Mongolia
- (28) Silkworm is:
- (a) An ancient trade route Silk Road
- (b)The name of missile
- (c) The name of a multinational
- (d) A secret society
- (29) Mashood Abiola is:
- (a) A leader of PLP
- (b) Nigerian Opposition Leader
- (c) Secretary General of the Arab Lengue
- (d) A fictional character
- (30) British Commonwealth consists of:
- (a) 45 members 53 member states
- (b) 60 members

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- (c) 51 members
- (31) How many times Brazil has won the
- Football World Cup?
- (a) Once
- (b) Thrice (c) Five times
- (d) Four times
- (32) Trygve Lie was the: (a) Secretary General of the UN
- (b) Judge of the ICJ
- (c) Secretary General of NATO
- (d) Hollywood Actor
- (33) Lesotho is: (a) A Baltic republic
- (b) An independent state of Africa
- (c) An independent state of Latin America
- (d) An NGO
- (34) Durand Line came into existence in:
- (a) 1893
- (b) 1947
- (c) 1979 (d) 1900
- (35) Who is the author of —The Rise and Fall of the Great Powers?
- (a) Henry Kissinger
- (b) Richard Nixon
- (c) Paul Kennedy
- (d) Margaret Thatcher
- (36) G-15 is:
- (a) A group of Third World countries
- (b) A group of industrialized countries
- (c) A musical group
- (d) A military alliance
- (37) Mexico is located in:
- (a) North America
- (b) South America
- (c) Central America
- (d) Africa
- (38) Phulan devi was a:
- (a) Hindu goddess
- (b)Film actress
- (c) Bandit queen
- (d) Secret agent
- (39) G-7 is a:
- (a) Group of industrialized countries
- (b) Group of Third World countries
- (c) Military alliance
- (d) Musicał group
- (40) Kigali is a capital of:
- (a) Myanmar
- (b) Costa Rica
- (e) Rwanda
- (d) Laos
- (41) 1992 Conference on Environment and Development was held in:
- (a) Beijing
- (b) Cairo
- (c) Copenhagen
- (d) Ria
- (42) Economic Cooperation Organization
- (ECO) consists of:
- (a) Ten members
- (b) Three members (c) Eight members
- (d) Five members
- (43) Next Cricket World Cup will be held in:

- (a) Australia Inda (9 Feb 25 March 2023)
- (b) South Asia
- (c) Great Britain
- (d) West Indies
- (44) Jurassic Park is the name of a:
- (a) Casino
- (b) Film
- (c) Park
- (d) Building
- (45) U Thant was the:
- (a) Secretary General of the UN
- (b) Judge of the World Court
- (c) Secretary General of NATO
- (d) Hollywood actor
- (46) Sinn Fein is the name of a:
- (a) Secret Agency
- (b) Political Party
- (c) Famous Chinese restaurant
- (d) Film
- (47) 1984 had been written by:
- (a) Sherwani
- (b) Burke
- (c) Orwell
- (d) Carr
- (48) Name the correct author
- of -Technological Frontiers and Foreign
- Relations.
- (a) Anne Keatly (b) Schunian
- (c) Morgenthau
- (d) Robert Kennedy
- (49) Who wrote Conquest without War | ?
- (a) Mager and Katee
- (b) Anderson
- (c) Kirk
- (d) Burke
- (50) Who wrote -The Military and Politics in Pakistan?
- (a) S. M. Haider
- Cha D. T.
- (b) Burke
- (c) Hassan Askari
- (d) Waheed-uz-Zaman
- (51) Mani was the:
- (a) Judge of world court
- (b) Secretary General of NATO (c) Secretary General of UN
- (d) Hollywood actor
- (52) Sinn Fein is the name of a:
- (a) Secret service
- (b) Political party
- (c) Famous Chinese restaurant
- (53) Name the correct Treaty:
- (a) Pact of Paris
- (b) Locarno Pact
- (c) Treaty of Versailles
- (d) Treaty of Westphalia
- (54) Who wrote, Supreme Court & Human Rights?
- (a) Burke Marshall
- (b) Burns
- (c) Machiavelli
- (d) Tamizuddin
- (55) The largest territorial power on earth is:
- (a) Canada
- (b) USA
- (c) China

(d) 1986

(a) Ponjab

(b) Azad Kashmir

(d) Northern Areas

(e) Baluchistan

Pakistan became full member of the NAM in

(69) Rasko mountain is situated in:

(a) Taiilestan

(b) Uzbekistan

(d) Kazakhstan

was?

(b) West Africa

(d) Central Asia

(c) May 1961

(d) March 1902

(66) MS Micko Nishimizu is the:

(d) Vice President of the World Bank

(b) President of the IMF

(c) Human Right Activist

(a) Laurent Kabila

(b) Robert Mugabe (c) Kenneth Kaunda

(a) Chairperson of the UN Commission on Refugees

(67) Mobotu Sessesiko was overthrown by:

c)1899

a)1020

b)1931

c)1933

in:

(96) Hitler became the Chancellor of Germany

(a) Abdul Oadir

(a) 1944

(b) 1945 (c) 1946

(b) 1945

(a) 1960

(b) 1961

(c) 1962

(a) 1948

(b) 1949

(c) 1950

(a) 1953 (b) 1954

(c) 1955

(a) 1955

(b) 1961

(c) 1962

(a) 1985 (b) 1986

(c) 1987

Minister in:

(c) May, 1961

(b) February, 1959

(b) February, 1960

(c) Secretary General of the United Nations.

(82) Fidel Castro became Cuban Prime

### e)Fresident of France (97). Pretoria is the capital of:

a)Zimbahwe b)Nigeria

made by:

b)Chon-En-Lie

c)Ayub Khan

a)Russian

b)British

a)1963 b)1960

c)1965

n)20 b)15

c)9

b)1955

c)1958

a)1973

b)1976

c)1970

a)Johnson b)Garfield

c)Washington

c)American

c)Judge of LC.J

d)None of these

a)Nehru

# c)South Africa

d)None of these

# (98). Fourteen Points of Wilson announced in:

a)1910 b)1913

#### (99). Uthant was the national of:

a)Nepal b)Germany e)Burma

#### (100) Singapore became independent in:

a)1960 b)1963 c)1965

#### (113). Non Permanent member of the Security Council are:

b) 7 a) 5

#### (114). Rise and Fall of Great Powers' is the work of:

c) 10

a) Paul Kennedy

b) Holsti

c) Morgenthau

(115). Pakistan left Commonwealth in 1972 and rejoined in:

a) 1988 b) 1989 c) 1985 (116). U.S. has agreed to write of Pakistan's debt to the tune of: a) U.S. \$ 2 billion b) U.S. \$ 1 billion c) U.S. \$ 4 billion (117). The 1956 Constitution of Pakistan came into effect on: a) 28th February 1956 b) 23rd March 1956 c) 14th August 1956 (118). The U-2 incident occurred in: a) 1960 b) 1962 c) 1965 (119). Which country of the world borders most neighbours: a) Russia b) China c) Canada d) None of these China and Russia each share a common border with 14 other countries (120). Which of these countries Field Castro rules: a) Brazil b) Cuba c) Haiti (121). Paul Bremer: a) A Hollywood Actor b) A British politician c) U.S. Administrator in Iraq (122). Javier Solana: a) Spanish Foreign Minister b) President of Argentina c) Foreign Policy spokesman of the European Community (123). Suced-ul-Sahaf: a) A Saudi Minister b) Palestinian leader c) Information Minister of Ex-President Saddam (124). Saeb Erekat: a) Palestinian negotiator b) Turkish Minister of Tourism c) President of Cyprus (125). Abdul Kalam: a) Minister of Bangladesh b) Pak. Rep in Geneva c) Indian President d) None of these c) Indian President (126). Maliha Lodhi: a) Pak. Ambassador to U.S.A. b) Editor of the NEWS c) Pak. High Commissioner to U.K. Twice (127). Gerhard Schroeder: a) Chancellor of Germany b) Prime Minister of Poland c) President of Slovakia (128). Dr. Kelly was: a) British Nuclear Scientist

b) U.s. Secretary of Treasury

c) A minister of South Africa.

(129). Winston Chirchill was:

a) An American General b) Leader of Scottish Labour Party c) British Prime Minister (130). Imam Khomini came to power in Iran in: a) Jan, 1978 b) Feb. 1979 c) Dec. 1980 (131). Mustafa Kamal Pasha gave Principles of Kemalism: a) 6 b) 5 c) 8 (132). Who gave the idea of -Peaceful Co-existence? a) Nikita Khrushchev b) Leonid Brezkney c) Malotov (133). When USSR was disintegrated? a) April, 1990 b) Dec. 1991 c) Jan. 1992 d) None of these b) Dec. 1991 (134). Monoe Doctrine was given in: a) 1922 The Monroé Doctrine was articulated in b) 1923 President Bines Monroe a seventh annual c) 1924 Message to Congress on December 2, 1823. (135). Kurt Waldbiem was: a) A Swiss politician b) Secretary Geneal of U.N.O. c) President of Germany (136). Chou-En-Lai was: a) Prime minister of China b) Governor of Hong Kong c) Vice President of Tajwan (137). OIC was formed in: a) 1967 b) 1968 c) 1969 (138). NATO was formed in: a) 1948 b) 1949 c) 1950 (139), Israel was created in: a) 1947 b) 1948 (140). Water Gates Scandal resulted in the resignation of: a) President Johnson b) President Nixon c) President Carter (141) The term nationality is derived from a Latin word: a) NATO b) Nation e) NATIA (142) Eleventh SAARC Summit was held in a) 2000 b) 2001 c) 2002 (143) ECO consists of: a) 8 members

b) a members

c) 10 members

#### (144) The littoral states around the Indian b) Bosnia Ocean are:36 c) Kosovo (158) MI-5 is the secret agency of: a) 25 a) France b) 33 b) Germany c) 35 (145) The first atom bomb was used in 1945 c) UK (159) Pakistan joined NAM in the year: a) The Germany a) 1978 b) The USA b) 1980 c) The USSR c) 1979 (146) Brown Amendment was adopted by the (160) UN Secretary General belongs to: US Senate in the year: a) Ghana (Kofi Annan) b) Uganda 4) 1990 b) 1992 c) Uruguay (161) The treaty of Westphalia established c) 1995 (147) Oslo Agreement was signed in the year: modern nation states system in: a) 1990 b) 1992 (a) 1684 c) 1993 (b) 1648 (148) Fourth ASEAN Summit was held in: (c) 1664 (162) The first world war started on: a) Singapore b) Islamabad (a) 23rd June, 1914 c) Jakarta (b) 20th June, 1914 (149) Pre-partition India consisted of: (c) 28th June, 1914 From August 1914 to November 1918. a) 579 Princely states b) 584 Princely states (163) The treaty of Versailles concluded in: (a) 191B c) 590 Princely states (150) India conducted its 2nd nuclear test (b) 1920 after a gap of: (c) 1919 a) 20 years (164) The Chinese communist party was b) 24 years founded in: c) 34 years (a) 1923 (151) According to Quincy Write the (b) 1921 approaches to the study of international (c) 1917 (165) The second world war started in: politics are: a) 18 (a) September 1939 b) 21 (b) October 1939 c) 23 (c) November 1939 (152) Pattern of political system where center (166) After 27 years of imprisonment, Mr. Nelson Mandela was released in: of power are more than two is called: (a) 1991 (b) 1990 a) Polycentrism b) Bicentrism (c) 1994 e) Multicentrism (167) Arab Magrib Union consists of: (153) Complete cessation of nuclear testing is (a) Seven States the sole aim of: (b) Five States a) CTBT (e) Nine States b) NPT (168) The principal organs of UN are: c) FMCT (a) Eight (154) Turkey falls in: (b) Five a) Asia (c) Six (169) Scandinavia constitutes: b) Europe c) Asia and Europe (a) Nine slates (155) Uzbekistan shares common border with: (b) Five states a) Azerbaijan 3 of the 5 Central Asian states (Turkmenisian, b) Degration Uzbekistan and Tajikistan) share a common (c) Three states (170) The Kingdom of Saudi Arabia was b) Dagestan border with Afghanistan which is total proclaimed on: c) Georgia stretches over 2,000km (156) Diplomatic relations between Pakistan (a) 21st September 1932 and Afghanistan were (b) 18th September 1932 established in: (c) 23rd September 1932 (171) Which treaty served as an umbrella for a) Sep. 1947 b) Feb. 1948 US involvement in Vietnam war: (a) Nato c) Jan. 1949 (157) Dayton Accord was signed to solve the (b) Seato problem of: (c) Cento

(d) None of these

a) East Timore

### (172) Gulf Cooperation Council consists of:

- (a) Six states
- (b) Nine states
- (c) Seven states.
- (d) None of these

#### (173) The league of Arab States was established on:

- (a) 23rd March, 1943
- (b) 26th March, 1944
- (c) 22nd March, 1945
- (174) The Common Wealth of Australia came into existence in:
- (a) 1901
- (b) 1911
- (c) 1905
- (175) The Balkan Peninsula is located in:
- (a) Central Europe
- (b) South Western Europe
- (c) South Eastern Europe
- (176) Karl Mark and Engels presented the Communist Manifesto in:
- (a) 1845
- (b) 1848
- (c) 1850
- (177) Soviet Union was replaced by Russian
- federation in:
- (a) October, 1991
- (b) January, 1991
- (c) December, 1991
- (178) "Politics among Nations" was written by:
- (a) K. J. Holsti
- (b) Gavin Boyd
- (c) Hans J. Morgenthanu
- (179) Article 55 of the UN Charter promotes international:
- (a) Peace
- (b) Human Rights
- (c) Security
- (180) The main judicial arm of UN, the 1CJ is located in:
- (a) Geneva
- (b) The Hague
- (c) Lisben
- (181) An organization whose members are frem national
- governments is a:
- (a) Nongovernmental Organization (NGO)
- (b) Intergovernmental Organization (IGO)
- (c) World wide Transnational Organization (WTO)
- (182) The national interest is defined as the acquisition of power. The speaker is a:
- (a) Pluralist
- (b) Idealist
- Realists
- (c) Structuralist
- (d) None of these
- (183) Neoliberals:
- (a) Stress the importance of international institutions in reducing conflict in
- the international system.
- (b) Are pessimistic above international operations.
- (c) Agree with realists that are unitary actors.
- (d) Both (a) and (c)
- (e) None of these
- (e) None of these
- (184) The military industrial complex consists

- (a) The military, defense contractors and research 8 institutes.
- (b) The military, defense contractors, and the executive branch.
- (c) The army, the navy and the air-force.
- (185) Territorial waters traditionally are recognized to extend how far from a state's constline?
- (a) 3 miles 12 noutical miles (22.2 km; 13.8 m )
- (b) 10 miles
- (c) 12 miles
- (186) A state's executive economic zone (EEZ) is recognized to extend how far from the
- coastline? an area beyond and adjacent to the
- (a) 3 miles territorial sea, extending seaward to a
- (b) 10 miles distance of purpore than 2001 Inmi
- (c) 12 miles (370 km) out from its coastal basoline.
- (187) States can exclude others from entering which the following?
- (a) 12 miles limit from coastline
- (b) Airspace
- (c) Orbital space
- (d) Both (a) and (b)
- (e) None of these
- (188) Weapons of mass destruction include:
- (a) Nuclear, chemical and biological weapons
- (b) Nuclear, conventional and biological weapons
- (c) Chemical, ballistic and biological weapons
- (189) Strategic weapons are:
- (a) Short-range weapons
- (b) Intermediate range of weapons
- (c) Long-range weapons
- (190) The Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) attempts to prevent:
- (a) The spread of missile technology TOM
- (b) The spread of missile weapons
- (c) The spread of biological weapons
- (191) Which of the following is a principle stated in the UN Charter?
- (a) States are equal under international law
- (b) States have full sovereignty over their own affairs
- (c) States should have full independence and territorial integrity (d) All of above
- (192) A just war:
- (a) Can be waged to change another state's government, if it is violating human rights.
- (b) Can be waged for ethnic or religious reasons
- (c) Can be waged only in response to aggression
- (a) Can be waged to change another state's government, if it is violating human rights. (193) Sustainable economic development
- (a) Development that can be sustained over a period of decades
- (b) Development that is supported by the domestic economy and does not involve international trade.
- (c) Development that does not deplete resources and destroy ecosystems so quickly that the basis of development itself is undermined.
- (194) Which of the following is the greenhouse gas that accounts for most of global warming?
- (a) Carbon dioxide (b) Methane
- (c) Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)

# (195) Which of the following is the major contributor to the destruction of ozone layer?

- (a) Carbon dioxide
- (b) Methane

#### (c) Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)

#### (196) Privatization is:

- (a) The concentration of wealth in private hands.
- (b) The sale of state-owned industries
- (c) A key feature of socialism
- (197) Neocolonialism is:
- (a) The transfer of a colony from one colonial power to another
- (b) The new round of colonization of Africa after Latin America gained independence
- (c) Colonization which took place in the nineteenth century rather than eighteenth

# (198) Who is responsible for the economic reforms that have been

### take place in China since the mid-1970s?

- (a) Mao Zedong
- (b) Jiang Zemin
- (c) Deng Xiaoping
- (d) Non of these (e) Deng Xiaoping
- (199) Ante-governmental protests in China by students, workers and

#### some government officials took place:

- (a) Tiananmen Square, in 1989
- (b) Tiananmen Square, in 1992
- (c) Shenzhen, in 1989

#### (200) A nation is:

- (a) Territorial entity controlled by a government and inhabitant by a population
- (b) Group of people who share characteristics such as language and culture
- (c) Set of relationships among the world's states.
- (d) None of theses

# (201) The Great Britain and Russia agreed to make Afghanistan a

#### buffer statebetweentheir empires in:

- (a) 1879 (b) 1897
- (c) 1869
- (202) Amnesty International was established in London by the

#### British Lawyer, Peter Benenson in:

- (a) 1961
- (b) 1951
- (c) 1971

#### (203) The ANZUS Treaty between Australia, New Zealand and United

### States was signed in:

- (a) 1951
- (b) 1945
- (c) 1950

## (204) The Treaty of Versailles settled peace in:

- (a) Europe
- (b) Middle East
- (c) Africa

# (205) The Commonwealth of independent states was established in:

- (a) 1991
- (b) 1990
- (c) 1989

#### (206) International Monetary fund was formed after Bretton Woods

#### Conference in:

- (1) 1944
- (b) 1943
- (c) 1945

#### (207) Issues in Global Politics was written by:

- (a) E. H. Corr
- (b) Gavin Boyed
- (c) James N Rosenau
- (d) None of these

#### (b) Gavin Boyed

#### (208) South West Asia is popularly known as:

- (a) Near East
- (b) Middle East
- (c) Arab World

#### (209) Nato was organized in:

- (a) 1948
- (b) 1949
- (c) 1950

# (210) Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) was

### established in:

- (a) 1960
- (b) 1968
- (c) 1970

### (211) South Asian Association for Regional

- Cooperation consists of:
- (n) 7 states
- (b) 8 states
- (c) 5 states

# (212) Suez crises between Egypt, France,

- Britain, Israel began in:
- (a) 1956
- (b) 1955
- (c) 1954

# (213) The International court of justice was constituted on:

- (a) 26th Jane 1945
- (b) 21st June 1946
- (c) 23rd June 1948

# (214) The Charter of United Nations consists of:

- (a) 108 articles
- (b) 101 articles
- (c) iii articles

#### (215) The British Secretary of Foreign Affairs A. Balfour announced British support to

# establish Jewish state in Palestine in:

- (a) November 2, 1917
- (b) October 7, 1916
- (c) December 2, 1918

#### (216) To cripple British Communication with India, Napoleon organized military expedition to Egypt in:

- (a) 1798
- (b) 1789
- (c) 1898

### (217) LAIA stands for:

- (a) Latin American Integration Association
- (b) Latin American Information Agency
- (c) Latin American Investment Association
- (d) None of these

# (a) Latin American Integration Association (218) Arab League was established on:

- (a) 22nd March 1945
- (b) 22nd April 1945
- (c) 22nd February 1945

International Relations (Paper 1 & 2) MCQs by Aamir Mahar (232). Cuban Missiles Crisis occurred during (219) The Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT-I) was signed in: a. 1958 (a) 1972 b. 1960 May 26, 1972 c. 1962 (b) 1971 (233). German reunification occurred in: (c) 1974 (220) The headquarter of Asian Development a. 1990 Bank (ADB) is located b. 1991 c. 1992 (a) Bangkok d. None of these (b) Manila a. 1990 (c) Singapore (234). The WTO began in: (221). International Relations during a. 1993 1648-1945 were characterized by: b. 1994 a. Bi-polar system c. 1995 b. Multi-polar system c. 1995 c. Uni-polar system (235). Switzerland joined the UN during: (222). French revolution occurred in: 5,2000 a. 1787 b, 2001 h. 1780 c. 2002 d. None of these c. 1798 (223). World population was one billion in: c. 2002 (236). OIC is an organization of: a. 1800 b. 1803 n. 48 states c. 1850 b. 57 states (224). The Versailles Peace Conference was e Go states held in: d. None of these b. 57 states of al which are man ber states of the IN B 1918 (237). African Development Bank was b. 1919 c. 1920 established in: (225). Germany invaded Poland in: a. 1062 b. 1964 a. 1938 b. 1939 c. 1969 (238). Black Sea Economic Cooperation Zone c. 1940 (226). Bretton Woods Conference was consists of concluded in memberse a. July 1944 8, 31 b. August 1944 b. 12 c. September 1944 0.13 (227). ECOSOC has been established under (239). The author of famous book, -Nuclear Weapons and Foreign Policy is: of the UN chapter. a. Gerald Ford charter: a. V b. Henry Kissinger b. VII c. Ronald Reagan d. None of these C. X (228), The UN Secretary General Kurt b. Henry Kissinger (240). Mauritius and Seychelles are located in Waldheim belonged to: a. Austria ocean: b. Poland a. Pacific c. Belgium b. Western Indian d. None of these c. Mediterranean (241) Sarah Palin is the governor of: a. Austria (229). - Politics among Nations | was written (a) New York (b) Alaska by: (c) Illinois a. K.J. Holstai (242) President De Gaulle withdrew France b. Hans Morgenthau from NATO in: c. Frederick Hartman (a) 1966 d. None of these (b) 1950 b. Hans Morgenthau (c) 1962 (230). United Arab Emirates is a federation of: (243) Pearl Harbor, USA, naval base in a. 5 Emirates Hawain Islands, during WWII b. 6 Emirates was attacked by: c. 7 Emirates (a) Germany (231). The ICJ is located at: (b) Japan a. Washington (c) Cuba b. Geneva

c. The Hogue

#### (244) According to Brandt Report, 'The South consists of: (a) Third world countries (b) Australia (c) China (245) In 1933 Hitler signed an agreement with pone known as: (a) Brandeus (b) Concordat (c) Peace Pact (246) The current president of Russia is: utin became the (a) Vladimir Putin president; he was re-elected in (b) Nicolas Sarkozy (c) Dmitry Medvedev May to a sly year term. (247) North Korea invaded South Korea in: (a) 1948 (b) 1950 (c)1959(248) Indian Congress came into power under the leadership of Sonia Gandhi in: (a) 2000 (b) 2004 (c)2006(249) UN charter in 1945 was drawn up in: (a) New York (b) San Francisco (c) Washington (250) Owen Young, who gave the young plan WHS: (a) An American banker (b) German President (c) British Ambassador (251) Windock is the capital of: (a) Ziganda (b) Namibia (c) Luxembourg (252) CENTO was dissolved in: (a) 1979 (b) 1981

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(253) The first Hague Conference was held in:
(4) 1890
(b) 1907
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(b) Israel
(c) Russia
(255) Afghanistan has vice-presidents:
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 5
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#### (256) The current Foreign Secretary of Pakistan is:

(a) Shah Mehmood Oureshi

(254) NPT is not signed by:

(b) Salman Bashir Sohali Mahmood since April 2019.

(c) Sherry Rehman

(257) ASEAN summit 2008 took place in:

(a) Bangkok (b) Malaysia (c) Philippines

(c) 1899

(a) China

(258) Faroe Island is: (a) A Scandinavian state (b) Darwin's birth place (c) an American prison e

11 (259) Ronald Reagan was a presidential candidate of: (a) Republican (b) Democrat (c) Both of them (260) Politics among nations was written by: (a) K.J. Holsti (b) Gavin Boyd (c) Hans.J. Margenthau (261). UNO was formed in: 3) 1944 b) 1945 c) 1946 (262). The cold war between USA and USSR started in: a) 1942 b) 1945 c) 1946 Both A and B are correct, 1942 Manhattan project

was completed, cold war started, 1945 WWII was ended, cold war started.

(263). Peaceful co-existence between USA and USSR was initiated by:

a) Stalin b) Brezhnev e) Khrusehev.

(264). Detente between USA and USSR started between:

a) 1959-69 b) 1969-79 c) 1980-90

(265). Perestroika was started by:

a) Brezhnov b) Podgorny c) Gorbackey

(266). The Taliban came to power in Afghanistan in:

a) 1990 b) 1992 c) 1996

(267). Ismail Hania is: a) President of Palestine

b) Lebanese Minister c) Leader of Hamas

(268). Natan Yahu is:

a) President of Taiwan b) Defence Minister of China

c) Prime Minister of Israel

(269). USSR was disintegrated in:

3) 1989 b) 1990

Relations is written by:

(270). Theory and Practice of International

a) Padelford and Lincoln b) Palmer and Perkins e) Hans j.Morganthau (271). Kim El Jong is: a) President of South Korea

b) Foreign Minister of Burma c) President of North Korea

d)Supreme Leader of North Korea (272). Javiar Solana is:

a) Foreign Minister of Spain b) President of Namibia

c) Foreign Policy adviser of European Union

# Crisis is:

a. Roseman

b. Harold J Laski

President of:

a) Mexico

b) USA

a) 1966

b) 1968

c) 1970

11) 1990

b) 1944

e) 1996

a) 1947

b) 1948 c) 1949

a) 1990 b) 1003

C) 1995

a) 1960

b) 1961

c) 1962

a) 1945

b) 1948

c) 1949

was from:

a. Fukuyama

b. Huntington

c. Kissinger

a) Burma b) Mauritius

being in:

c) France

#### c. E. H. Carr

d. John Dewey

### (283) Balance of power is based on:

#### a. Realist Paradigm

b. Liberal Paradigm

Marxist Paradigm

d. Post Modernism

#### (284) Emmanuel Kant and John Locke provides the philosophical

#### basis for:

a. Realism

b. Liberalism

c. Post Modernism

d. Behaviouralism

#### (285) Pre Emptive Strike Doctrine confers upon states the:

a. Right to attack any potential threat to its security.

Right to attack when they are actually attacked

 The responsibility to intervene in the domestic. affairs of other states for

humanitarian protection

b. Britain announced its support for creation of

independent Palestine

c. Britain announced its commitment to the creation

of a Jewish state in the Middle East

d. Soviet Union announced its support of World Revolution

#### (295) The current row between US and Iran is about:

a. Iran's system of Education

b. Iran's Democracy e. Iran's Nuclear Program

d. Iran's relations with Pakistan

### (296) Kerry Lugar Bill was about:

- a. Aid to Pakistan
- e. Aid to Pakistan Army
- d. Aid to Muslim countries

#### (297) Indo-Chinese war occurred in:

- a. 1965
- b. 1962
- c. 1971
- d. 1948

#### (298) Ho Chi Minh was:

- a. Leader of Vietnam
- b. Leader of Laos
- c. Leader of Thailand
- d. Leader of Japan

#### (299) Missile crisis of 1962 was between:

- a. USA, USSR and Cuba
- b. USA, USSR and Argentine
- c. USA, USSR and Egypt
- d. USA, USSR and Iran

#### (300) New International Economic Order:

- a. Is Economic System structured after the end of Cold War.
- b. Was the demand of the rich countries to change the International Economic System
- c. Was the demand of the Global South to restructure
- the International Economic System.
- d. Is the International Economic System based on technological revolution
- e. None of these.